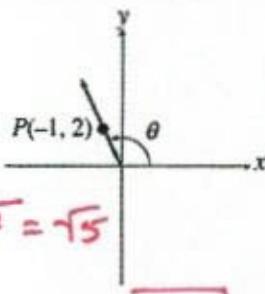


# Trigonometric Functions of Any Angle

Name KEY

Evaluate the six trigonometric functions of the angle  $\theta$ . Leave your answers in simplified fraction form.

1.



$$x = -1 \\ y = 2 \\ r = \sqrt{5}$$

$$r = \sqrt{(-1)^2 + 2^2} = \sqrt{5}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{y}{r} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}} = \boxed{\frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}}$$

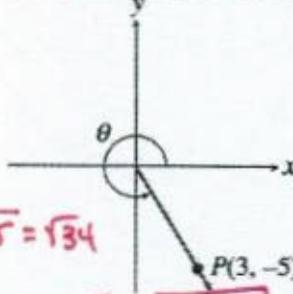
$$\cos \theta = \frac{x}{r} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{5}} = \boxed{\frac{-\sqrt{5}}{5}}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \boxed{-\sqrt{5}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x} = \frac{2}{-1} = \boxed{-2}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{x}{y} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2}}$$

2.



$$\sqrt{9+25} = \sqrt{34}$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{y}{r} = \frac{-5}{\sqrt{34}} = \boxed{\frac{-5\sqrt{34}}{34}}$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{1}{\sin \theta} = \boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{34}}{5}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{x}{r} = \frac{3}{\sqrt{34}} = \boxed{\frac{3\sqrt{34}}{34}}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{1}{\cos \theta} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{34}}{3}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{y}{x} = \frac{-5}{3} = \boxed{-\frac{5}{3}}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{x}{y} = \boxed{-\frac{3}{5}}$$

In exercises 3 – 8, point  $P$  is on the terminal side of angle  $\theta$ . Evaluate the indicated trigonometric functions for  $\theta$ . If the function is undefined, write "undefined". Leave your answers in simplified fraction form.

$$r = 5$$

$$\therefore P(3, 4)$$

$$\sin \theta = \boxed{\frac{4}{5}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \boxed{\frac{3}{5}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \boxed{\frac{4}{3}}$$

$$6. P(-3, 0) \quad r = 3$$

$$\csc \theta = \frac{3}{0} \rightarrow \boxed{\text{UNDEFINED}}$$

$$\sin: \frac{0}{3}$$

$$\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{3} = \boxed{-1}$$

$$4. P(-4, -6) \quad r = \sqrt{16+36} = \sqrt{52} = 2\sqrt{13}$$

$$\csc \theta = -\frac{2\sqrt{13}}{6} = \boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{13}}{3}}$$

$$\sec \theta = -\frac{2\sqrt{13}}{4} = \boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{13}}{2}}$$

$$\cot \theta = \frac{4}{6} = \boxed{\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$7. P(5, -2) \quad r = \sqrt{25+4} = \sqrt{29}$$

$$\sin \theta = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{29}} = \boxed{-\frac{2\sqrt{29}}{29}}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{5}{\sqrt{29}} = \boxed{\frac{5\sqrt{29}}{29}}$$

$$\cot \theta = \boxed{-\frac{5}{2}}$$

$$5. P(0, 5) \quad r = 5$$

$$\sin \theta = \frac{5}{5} = \boxed{1}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{5}{0} \rightarrow \boxed{\text{UNDEFINED}}$$

$$\tan \theta = \frac{5}{0} = \boxed{\text{UNDEFINED}}$$

$$8. P(22, -22) \quad r = \sqrt{22^2+22^2} = 22\sqrt{2}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{22}{22\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}$$

$$\sec \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{1} = \boxed{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\tan \theta = -\frac{22}{22} = \boxed{-1}$$

For problems 9 – 30, evaluate without using a calculator. Leave your answers in simplified fraction form.

9.  $\cos 120^\circ = \boxed{-\frac{1}{2}}$

10.  $\tan 300^\circ = \boxed{-\sqrt{3}}$

11.  $\sec \frac{\pi}{3} = \boxed{2}$

12.  $\csc \frac{3\pi}{4} = \boxed{\sqrt{2}}$

13.  $\sin \frac{13\pi}{6} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$

14.  $\cos \frac{7\pi}{3} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$

15.  $\tan -\frac{15\pi}{4} = \boxed{1}$

16.  $\cot \frac{13\pi}{4} = \boxed{1}$

17.  $\cos \frac{23\pi}{6} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$

18.  $\cos \frac{17\pi}{4} = \boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}$

19.  $\sin \frac{11\pi}{3} = \boxed{-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$

21.  $\cot \frac{19\pi}{6} = \boxed{3}$

22.  $\sin(-450^\circ) = \boxed{-1}$

23.  $\tan(-270^\circ) = \boxed{\text{UNDEFINED}}$

24.  $\cos -\frac{7\pi}{2} = \boxed{0}$

25. Find  $\sin \theta$  and  $\tan \theta$  if  $\cos \theta = \frac{2}{3}$  and  $\cot \theta > 0$ .

$$\begin{aligned} |x| &= 2 \\ r &= 3 \\ x^2 + y^2 &= 3^2 \\ y^2 &= 5 \quad |y| = \sqrt{5} \end{aligned}$$

$\sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{3}$   
 $\tan \theta = \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2}$

26. Find  $\cos \theta$  and  $\cot \theta$  if  $\sin \theta = \frac{1}{4}$  and  $\tan \theta < 0$ .

$$\begin{aligned} |y| &= 1 \\ r &= 4 \\ |x| &= \sqrt{15} \end{aligned}$$

$\cos \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{15}}{4}$   
 $\cot \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{15}}{1} = -\sqrt{15}$

27. Find  $\tan \theta$  and  $\sec \theta$  if  $\sin \theta = -\frac{2}{5}$  and  $\cos \theta > 0$ .

$$\begin{aligned} |y| &= 2 \\ r &= 5 \\ |x| &= \sqrt{21} \end{aligned}$$

$\tan \theta = -\frac{2}{\sqrt{21}} = \frac{-2\sqrt{21}}{21}$   
 $\sec \theta = \frac{5}{\sqrt{21}} = \frac{5\sqrt{21}}{21}$

$$x^2 + 4 = 25 \quad x^2 = 21 \quad x = \sqrt{21}$$

29. Find  $\sec \theta$  and  $\csc \theta$  if  $\cot \theta = -\frac{4}{3}$  and  $\cos \theta < 0$ .

$$\begin{aligned} |x| &= 4 \\ |y| &= 3 \\ r &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$\sec \theta = -\frac{5}{4}$   
 $\csc \theta = \frac{5}{3}$

$$r = \sqrt{16+9} = 5$$

28. Find  $\sin \theta$  and  $\cos \theta$  if  $\cot \theta = \frac{3}{7}$  and  $\sec \theta < 0$ .

$$\begin{aligned} |x| &= 3 \\ |y| &= 7 \\ r &= \sqrt{58} \end{aligned}$$

$\sin \theta = -\frac{7}{\sqrt{58}} = -\frac{7\sqrt{58}}{58}$   
 $\cos \theta = -\frac{3}{\sqrt{58}} = -\frac{3\sqrt{58}}{58}$

$$\sqrt{49+49} = r = \sqrt{58}$$

30. Find  $\csc \theta$  and  $\cot \theta$  if  $\tan \theta = -\frac{4}{3}$  and  $\sin \theta > 0$ .

$$\begin{aligned} |x| &= 3 \\ |y| &= 4 \\ r &= 5 \end{aligned}$$

$\csc \theta = \frac{5}{4}$   
 $\cot \theta = -\frac{3}{4}$

$$r = \sqrt{16+16} = 5$$